



November 2023

## MONTHLY FUND PERFORMANCE UPDATE AIA MEDIUM CAP FUND

### Investment Objective

The Fund seeks medium to long-term growth of capital and income through investment in a diversified portfolio of stocks. Focus will be on small and medium sized enterprises and growth stocks. The Fund is suitable for high risk tolerance equity investors.

**Notice:** Please refer to the Fund Fact Sheet for more information about the Fund.

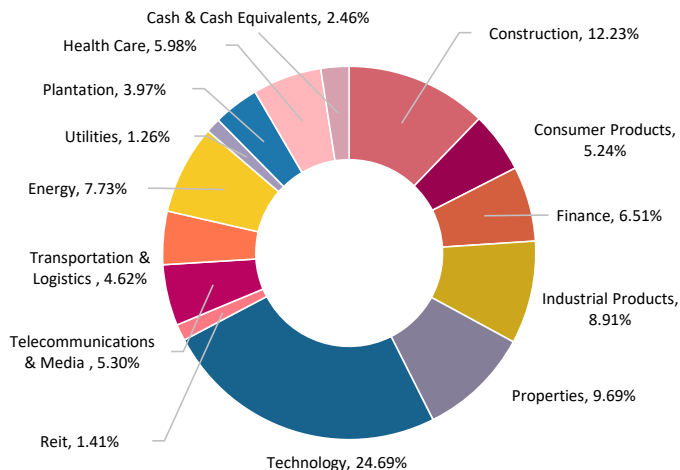
### Fund Details

Unit NAV (30 Nov 2023)	: RM 6.41357
Fund Size (30 Nov 2023)	: RM 1,093.651 million
Fund Currency	: Ringgit Malaysia
Fund Inception	: 1 July 2001
Offer Price at Inception	: RM1.00
Fund Management Charge	: 1.475% p.a.
Investment Manager	: AIA Bhd.
Basis of Unit Valuation	: Net Asset Value
Frequency of Unit Valuation	: Daily

### Top Holdings

1	GAMUDA BHD	10.06%
2	INARI AMERTRON BHD	7.39%
3	TIME DOTCOM BHD	5.30%
4	MALAYSIA AIRPORTS HOLDINGS BHD	4.62%
5	GREATECH TECHNOLOGY BHD	4.30%

### Sector Allocation



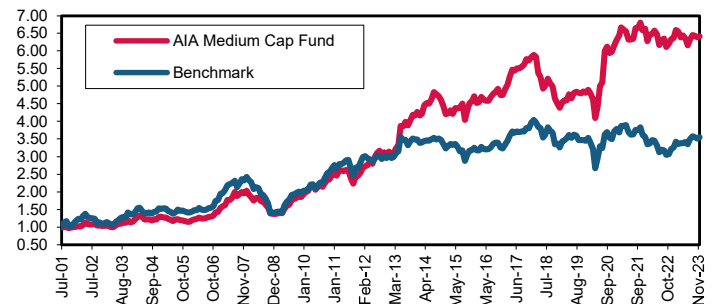
### Lipper Leader Fund for:

1. Preservation



Lipper uses a ranking system of 1 to 5. A ranking of 5 means the fund is in the top 20% of funds in that category while a ranking of 1 means the fund is in the bottom 20%. Source: [www.lipperleaders.com](http://www.lipperleaders.com)

### Historical Performance



Cumulative Performance	1-Mth	6-Mth	1-Year	3-Year	5-Year	Since Inception
Fund <sup>A</sup>	0.43%	1.07%	1.38%	4.29%	42.45%	541.36%
Benchmark <sup>*</sup>	0.95%	3.77%	10.28%	-4.43%	5.35%	254.65%
Excess	-0.52%	-2.70%	-8.90%	8.72%	37.10%	286.71%

<sup>A</sup> Calculation of past performance is based on NAV-to-NAV. This is strictly the performance of the investment fund, and not the returns earned on the actual premiums/contributions paid of the investment-linked product.

<sup>\*</sup> 100% FBM70 Index (Source: Bursa Malaysia)

**Notice:** Past performance of the Fund is not an indication of its future performance.

### Market Review

The FBMKLCI ("Index") rose 0.74% Month-on-Month ("MoM") to close at 1,453 pts on 30 November 2023. The Index underperformed the MSCI Asia Ex Japan Index, which rose 4.57% MoM in Malaysian Ringgit ("MYR") terms over the same period. Foreign investors turned net buyers of Malaysian equities amounting to MYR1.6 billion in November 2023 while local institutions turned net sellers with net sell flow of MYR1.5 billion. Bursa Malaysia's average daily transaction value ("ADTV") rose 9.7% MoM to MYR2.2 billion in November 2023. During the month, Genting Bhd (+16.1%), Genting Malaysia (+10.3%) and Sime Darby (+7.9%) were the key gainers while key detractors were PPB Group (-7.1%), Hong Leong Financial Group (-6.6%) and IHH Healthcare (-2.8%). Sector wise, Utilities (+10.2%), Healthcare (+6.6%) and Technology (+2.1%) were the key performers while Energy (-4.5%), Telecom (-1.1%) and Transports (-0.8%) were the key detractors. Major news during the month included Malaysia's intention to roll out targeted subsidy program for RON95 petrol in 2H24. Malaysia's Gross Domestic Product ("GDP") grew 3.3% Year-on-Year ("YoY") in 3Q23, driven by private sector spending.

### Market Outlook

We are cautiously optimistic of the equity market in the near term. We believe that US interest rates may have peaked but developed markets equity valuation has yet to fully reflect the soft landing or mild recession (if any) in the US and Euro land. Investors are now watching the macro data closely to gauge the timing of a possible rate cut going forward. Over in Asia, China's policy easing is gaining momentum given the earlier-than-expected policy rate cut, less restrictions on house ownership policy, and efforts to revitalize the capital market and stabilize foreign trade and investment. Domestically in Malaysia, we expect a brighter outlook given the lower political risk premium amidst a more stable unity government coupled with stronger corporate earnings upside arising from the implementation of the government's pump priming initiatives as well as launching of mega energy renewal and infrastructure projects. Downside risks to the market could stem from a hard landing US recession, worsening geopolitical tension, and weak China economy.