

Aug 2023

MONTHLY FUND PERFORMANCE UPDATE AIA DANA PROGRESIF

Investment Objective

This Fund focuses on Shariah-approved securities listed on Bursa Malaysia and Islamic debt securities in order to maximize medium to long-term capital appreciation on your investment. The Fund is suitable for investors who are willing to take moderate risk in order to achieve a reasonable return.

Notice: Please refer to the Fund Fact Sheet for more information about the Fund.

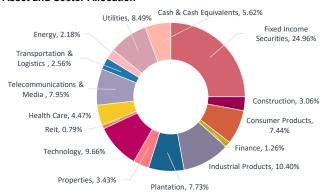
Fund Details

Unit NAV (31 Aug 2023)	:	RM 2.80205
Fund Size (31 Aug 2023)	:	RM 393.814 million
Fund Currency	:	Ringgit Malaysia
Fund Inception	:	3 March 2000
Offer Price at Inception	:	RM1.00
Fund Management Charge	:	1.40% p.a.
Investment Manager	:	AIA Bhd.
Basis of Unit Valuation	:	Net Asset Value
Frequency of Unit Valuation	:	Daily

Top Holdings

1	TENAGA NASIONAL BHD	6.08%
2	MALAYSIA GOVERNMENT SECURITIES	4.22%
3	PETRONAS CHEMICALS GROUP BHD	3.54%
4	GAMUDA BHD	3.03%
5	PRESS METAL ALUMINIUM HOLDINGS BHD	2.96%

Asset and Sector Allocation



Historical Performance



Performance	1-Mth	6-Mth	1-Year	3-Year	5-Year	Since Inception
Fund^	0.40%	0.87%	2.83%	-3.14%	16.85%	180.20%
Benchmark*	-0.15%	1.57%	2.43%	-11.05%	-4.11%	88.22%
Excess	0.55%	-0.70%	0.40%	7.91%	20.96%	91.98%

Calculation of past performance is based on NAV-to-NAV. This is strictly the performance of the investment fund, and not the returns earned on the actual premiums/contributions paid of the investment-linked product

Notice: Past performance of the Fund is not an indication of its future performance.

Market Review

The FBMS ("Index") corrected 0.3% Month-on-Month ("MoM") to close at 10,920.64 pts on 30 August 2023. The Index outperformed the MSCI Asia Ex Japan Index, which fell 3.88% MoM in Malaysian Ringgit ("MYR") terms over the same period. Foreign investors stayed net buyers of Malaysian equities amounting to MYR0.14 billion in August 2023 while local institutions turned net buyers with net buy value of MYR0.43 billion. Bursa Malaysia's average daily transaction value ("ADTV") rose by 11.6% MoM to MYR2.2 billion in August 2023. During the month, Mr DIY (+6.0%), Sime Darby (+5.5%) and Tenaga Nasional (+2.5%) were the key gainers while key detractors were Axiata (-11.6%), Dialog (-10.9%) and Kuala Lumpur Kepong (-7.6%). Sector wise, Property (+12.3%), Utilities (+10.8%) and Construction (+7.1%) were the key performers while Telecom (-1.4%), Plantation (-3.5%) and Healthcare (-6.2%) were the key detractors. Major news during the month include the state election for 6 states where state assemblies were left unchanged with three wins each for the ruling party (Pakatan Harapan ("PH") and Barisan Nasional ("BN") alliance) and the opposition (Perikatan Nasional ("PN")). PH-BN won in Penang, Selangor and Negeri Sembilian while PN won Kedak, Relantan and Terengganu. The government also launched Phase 2 of the National Energy Transition Roadmap which highlights six energy transition levers, being 1) energy efficiency, 2) renewable energy, 3) hydrogen, 4) bioenergy, 5) green mobility and 6) carbon capture, utilisation and storage. bioenergy, 5) green mobility and 6) carbon capture, utilisation and storage

Government Investment Issues ("GII") traded mixed in August 2023. Short-end yields moved lower amidst optimism that Bank Negara Malaysia ("BNM") will keep the Overnight Policy Rate ("OPR") on hold for the rest of 2023. On the long end of the curve, yields moved higher, weighed by weakness in US Treasuries ("UST") and pressured by increased primary supply of long-dated bonds during the month. The earlier part of the month saw some decent demand by local investors, especially after the conclusion of the state elections, as yields moved 2 to 3 bps lower across the curve. However, sentiment deteriorated in the final 2 weeks of the ylelds moved 2 to 3 bps lower across the curve. However, sentiment deteriorated in the final 2 weeks of the month, as UST Treasury yleids soared to 15-year highs. The UST Treasury market was burdend by large primary supply and investors also began to price in the potential for more hikes by the US Federal Reserve ("Fed") after data releases indicated that the services sector and labour market remains robust. There was also caution among global investors leading up to the annual Jackson Hole symposium at the end of August 2023 where Fed Chairman, Jerome Powell and other global central bank leaders were scheduled to speak. On the currency front, MYR weakened against the US Dollar ("USD") by 2.92% to close at 4.6385. Gil levels as of end-August 2023 were: 3Y at 3.47% (-3 bps), 5Y at 3.62% (-3bps), 7Y at 3.79% (-1 bp), 10Y at 3.87% (unchanged), 15Y at 4.01% (+2 bp), 20Y at 4.22% (+4 bps) and 30Y at 4.35% (+7 bps).

Foreign net inflows continued for the 7th successive month in July 2023, accelerating to MYR11.3 billion (June 2023: +MYR5.2 billion), Foreign holdings in Malaysia Government Securities ("MGS") and GII inched up to 24.2% in July 2023 (June 2023: 23.4%).

There were two government securities auctions during the month: 30Y GII 5/52 auction with a tender size of MYR3.0 billion and an additional private placement of MYR2.0 billion drew a bid-to-cover ('BTC') ratio 2.557x at an average yield of 4.362% and 20Y GII 9/43 auction with a tender size of MYR3.0 billion and an additional private placement of MYR2.0 billion drew a BTC ratio of 1.992x at an average yield of 4.285%.

Malaysia's 2Q2023 GDP growth decelerated to +2.9% Year-on_Year ("YoY") (1Q2023: +5.6% YoY), driven by high base effects and weakness in the mining sector and lower agricultural production. Malaysia's industrial production index declined 2.2% YoY in June 2023 (May 2023: 4.4.% YoY) as export-oriented sectors recorded declines amidst weaker external demand. Malaysia's unemployment rate declined to 3.4% in June 2023 (May 2023: 3.5%). BNM's foreign reserves decreased to USD112.2 billion as of 15 August 2023 (31 July 2023: USD112.9 billion), sufficient to finance 5.21 months of imports of goods and services and is 1.0x of short-term external debt. Malaysia's exports declined by 13.1% YoY in July 29 (June 2023: -14.1% YoY) on lower exports of manufactured goods such as petroleum products, palm oil-based manufactured products, chemicals & chemicals product, as well as lower exports of agricultural and mining goods. Imports decelerated by 15.9% YoY (June 2023: -18.9% YoY) due to the fall in imports of intermediate goods, consumption good and capital goods. The trade surplus narrowed to MYR17.09 billion (June 2023: -MYR25.5 billion), Malaysia's headline CPI for July 2023 decelerated further to 2.0% YoY (June 2023: 2.4% YoY). Deceleration was driven by the slower increases in restaurants and hotels, food and non-alcoholic beverages and health and education components. Malaysia's 2Q2023 GDP growth decelerated to +2.9% Year-on_Year ("YoY") (1Q2023: +5.6% YoY), driven

On the primary corporate space, notable issuances included MYR1.4 billion YTL Power IMTN, MYR1.07 billion Cagamas IMTN and MYR550 million Eco World Capital Bhd IMTN. There was one rating revision in August 2023. RAM downgraded the rating on Country Garden Real Estate Berhad's IMTN programme to BBB3IS from A3/IS, reflecting the same rating action taken in respect of the parent company. China-based developer, Country Garden Holdings Company Limited's missed payment of coupons on its USD bonds. There were also a number of issuers put on rating watch in August 2023. RAM put Kuala Lumpur Kepong Berhad and Batu Kawan Berhad on negative rating watch due to the recent announcement of the strategic collaboration agreement between Kuala Lumpur Kepong Berhad with Boustead Holdings Berhad and Lembaga Tabung Angkatan Tentera. RAM also put Telekosang Hydro One Sendirian Berhad on negative rating watch due to the concerns over the Issuer's deteriorating liquidity position and potential breaches in meeting selected covenants. MARC Ratings put ANIH Berhad on negative rating watch to reflect the uncertainties that arose from the new supplemental concession agreement between ANIH and the government, including potential for an event of default being called due to ANIH not obtaining prior consent from sukuk holders to sign the agreement. from sukuk holders to sign the agreement.

We are cautiously optimistic on the equity market in the near term. We are of the view that we have already We are cautiously optimistic on the equity market in the near term. We are of the view that we have already seen the peak of Fed's hawkishness and equities valuation has been partially adjusted downwards accordingly. Investors are now watching the macro data closely to gauge the extent of future rate hike in the US and the timing of a rate cut going forward. Over in Asia, China's policy easing is gaining momentum with the earlier-than-expected policy rate cut, housing policy adjustment, and efforts to revitalize the capital market and stabilize foreign trade and investment. The increasing pace of policy easing is encouraging and important to contain the risk of a downward spiral in economic activity. Domestically in Malaysia, we expect a better outlook given the lower political risk premium with a relatively more stable unity government coupled with corporate earnings recovery from the implementation of government initiatives and mega projects. Downside risks to the market could stem from a prolonged deep US recession, worsening geopolitical tension, weak China economic recovery and domestic politics.

For Fixed Income, recent inflation readings and economic data from the US have shown signs of moderation, the Fed continues to reiterate the need to maintain tighter monetary policy amidst robust labour market data. Despite this, it is apparent that we are at the tail-end of the rate normalisation cycle, with potentially one final hike by the Fed in 2023. Domestically, BNM has kept the OPR unchanged at its recent Monetary Policy Committee ("MPC") meeting. Against the backdrop of moderating inflation expectations as well as growth outlook in 2H23, the possibility of further OPR hikes for the rest of the year may be remote at this juncture, barring the uncertain timing of subsidy rationalization. For the remainder of 2023, we expect rates volatility to linger due to uncertainties surrounding economic data and central banks' future monetary policy moves as linger due to uncertainties surrounding economic data and central banks' future monetary policy moves as market conditions evolve

^{* 70%} FBM Emas Shariah (Source: Bursa Malaysia) + 30% GII ALL Index (Source: RAM QuantShop @www.quantshop.com)