



February 2025

MONTHLY FUND PERFORMANCE UPDATE A-DANA STRATEGIC DYNAMIC

Investment Objective

The Fund seeks long-term total return (combination of capital growth and income) through a portfolio of Shariah-compliant investments across global markets and asset classes. The Fund adopts a dynamic and flexible asset allocation to mitigate downside risk. The Fund will aim to achieve a target net return of 6% per annum over the long term.

Notice: Please refer to the Fund Fact Sheet for more information about the fund.

Fund Details

Unit NAV (28 February 2025)	: RM 1.20487
Fund Size (28 February 2025)	: RM 29.990 million
Fund Currency	: Ringgit Malaysia
Fund Inception	: 15 September 2022
Offer Price at Inception	: RM1.00
Fund Management Charge	: 1.50% p.a.
Takaful Operator	: AIA PUBLIC Takaful Bhd.
Fund Type	: Feeder Fund
Basis of Unit Valuation	: Net Asset Value
Frequency of Unit Valuation	: Daily

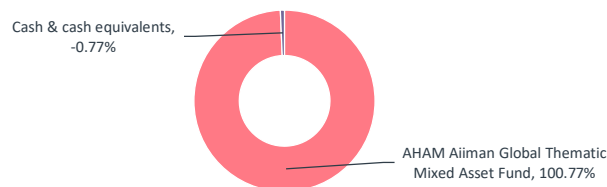
Underlying Fund Details

Name	: AHAM Aiiiman Global Thematic Mixed Asset Fund
Type	: Mixed Assets (Shariah)
Investment Manager	: Affin Hwang Asset Management Berhad

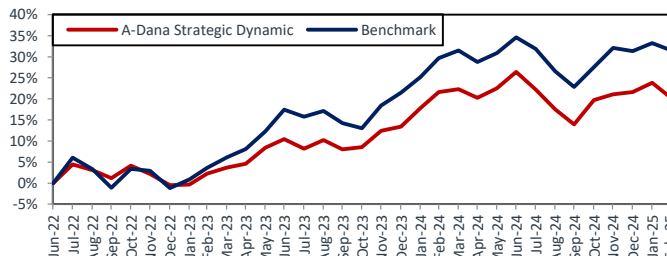
Top Holdings

1.	AHAM Aiiiman Global Thematic Mixed Asset Fund Islamic Global Equity Index Fund	100.77%
2.	Shariah compliant money market instruments and/or Cash	-0.77%

Sector Allocation



Historical Performance



	1-Mth	6-Mth	1-Year	3-Year	5-Year	Since Inception
Cumulative Performance						
Fund~	-2.71%	2.54%	-0.90%	N/A	N/A	20.49%
Benchmark*	-1.18%	4.09%	1.56%	N/A	N/A	31.68%
Excess	-1.53%	-1.55%	-2.46%	N/A	N/A	-11.19%

~ Calculation of past performance is based on NAV-to-NAV. This is strictly the performance of the investment fund, and not the returns earned on the actual premiums/contributions paid of the investment-linked product.

* 65.0% Dow Jones Islamic Market World Total Return Index + 35.0% Dow Jones Sukuk Index (Source: Bloomberg)

Notice: Past performance of the Fund is not an indication of its future performance.

Market Review

Following a strong start to 2025, February 2025 saw mixed performance, with the US equity market retreating while Europe outperformed. Increasing uncertainty regarding the possible effects of trade tariffs on the US economy has impacted both corporate and consumer sentiment. Overall, the MSCI AC World Index fell -0.7% while the DJIM World Index retreated -2.4%. US equities declined due to weaker economic data and concerns over President Trump's policy agenda. Ongoing worries about the sustainability of earnings from US mega-cap technology stocks, especially those related to Artificial Intelligence ("AI"), also weighed on returns. The S&P500 traded down -1.3%.

The Topix retreated -1.0% as Japanese equities remained heavily influenced by developments in the US, especially the uncertainty surrounding trade policies. This lack of clarity has heightened market uncertainty, prompting investors to take a risk-off approach. MSCI Asia Pacific ex-Japan achieved a modest gain, rising +0.2% with China, Hong Kong, and the Philippines being the best-performing markets. Chinese equities returned sharply higher due to government stimulus measures, such as interest rate cuts, support for the country's troubled property sector, and liquidity injections, which helped stabilize the economy and restore investor's confidence. This also benefitted Emerging Markets ("EM") with the MSCI EM up +0.5%.

The US fixed income market experienced heightened uncertainty due to weak economic indicators such as declining consumer confidence and retail sales. As investors sought safer assets, US Treasuries became more attractive, resulting in the US 10-year Treasury yield decreasing from 4.54% in January 2025 to 4.21%. Conversely, corporate bonds struggled, with spreads widening across both investment-grade and High-yield markets. Overall, Sukuks climbed +1.1%. Commodities gained +0.8%, supported by positive returns from industrial and precious metals. Gold climbed +2.1%, reaching a new all-time high, driven by heightened uncertainty and inflation fears exacerbated by Trump's tariff threats, along with increased demand from central banks. In currency markets, the broad US Dollar DXY Index declined 0.7% amid weaker consumer confidence and falling US yields, while the MYR depreciated a slight 0.1% against the greenback.

Market Outlook

Volatility has returned to markets after a strong start to the year, as global equities face pressure from rising geopolitical risks. This trend worsened at the end of February 2025 following a contentious meeting between US President Donald Trump, Vice President JD Vance, and Ukraine President Volodymyr Zelenskyy, which dashed hopes for a peace deal and introduced additional uncertainty into financial markets, which were already on edge due to weak economic data. Recent surveys indicate a decline in US consumer confidence over the past two months, and while incomes are rising, consumer spending may be decreasing. The focus on tariffs has further disappointed markets, as they perceive the Trump administration prioritizing high-cost initiatives over growth-stimulating measures like tax cuts, potentially impacting the US economy. Geopolitical risk has increased but equities still benefit from healthy corporate earnings and the continued expansion of the US economy. Geopolitical shocks can induce short-term volatility and result in declines in investment values.